SECOND SEMESTER FINAL STUDY GUIDE

1. What was the alliance system that helped draw Europe into World War I?

2. What was the first nation to declare war in 1914?

3. What was the goal of Germany’s Schlieffen Plan for attack in World War I?

4. In World War I, why did the battles on the Western Front result in little territorial gain?

5. When the United States entered World War I, what did the battles focus on?

6. What were the results of the Treaty of Brest-Litovsk?

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8. In World War I, who were the colonial troops from Kenya and Nigeria recruited to support?

9. What were the human rights violations during World War I?

10. Who committed the Armenian Genocide?

11. What were the results of the treaty of Versailles?

12. What is the main purpose of the League of Nations?

13. What were the nations of the former Austria-Hungary Empire?

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15. What were the former lands of the Ottoman Empire?

16. What did World War I bring an end to in Europe?

17. What nation was most burdened by war debt in the 1920s?

18. What contributed to the rise of totalitarianism in Europe after World War I?

19. After World War I, many European artists felt traditions of the past were what?

20. What characterized the “lost generation” of writers?

21. What kind of project would Palo Picasso or Rene Margritte most likely undertake in post-World War I Europe?

22. How does Russia conceding land to Germany, Czarist rule ending and the Gulag’s creation relate to the Russian Revolution?

23.What rule replaced Czar Nicholas II?

24. In the command economy of Stalinist Russia, all economic decisions were made by who?

25. What is one way that Stalin created a totalitarian state?

26. What lead to the formation of totalitarian regimes in Germany, Italy, and the Soviet Union?

27. What feature was shared by the totalitarian regimes of Germany, Italy, and the Soviet Union?

28. What did Benito Mussolini take in his conquest for a “New Roman Empire”?

29. What was the Japanese invasion of China in 1937 followed by?

30. What did Germany gain from the Hitler-Stalin Pact?

31. In the 1930s, why did Great Britain and France respond to German and Italian aggression with appeasement?

32. What event sparked the outbreak of World War II?

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\*34.

35. What did Winston Churchill do during World War II?

36. What leader in World War II signed a nonaggression pact with Hitler but later joined the allies?

37. What policy of the Nazi party led to the Holocaust?

38. What helped set the Nuremberg Laws helped to set the Nazi Holocaust in motion?

39. What was Poland the site of during the Holocaust?

\*40.

41. Who’s assassination broke out in World War I?

42. At the start World War I, which nation was bordered by enemies on two fronts?

43. What German policy drew the United States into World War I?

44. Why was World War I known as “the war to end all wars”?

45. How did the international community react to the American genocide?

46. What was the goal of President Wilson’s Fourteen Points?

47. What was the main reason for the Americans’ rejection of the League of Nations?

48. Which dissolved Europe nation was re-created after World War I?

49. Which word best describes the states most of European economies following World War I?

50. The novel *A Farewell to Arms* and *The Sun Also Rises* where written by which “lost generation” author?

51. Which event or trend was among the causes of the Russian Revolution?

52. Why did 5 million Ukrainians starve in Stalinist Russia?

\*53.

54. What motivated Nazi Germany expansion?

55. What domestic challenge made it difficult for France, Great Britain, and the United States to halt German and Italian aggression in the 1930s?

56. Which event marked the final Allied victory in World War II?

57. In the following years of World War II, who served as supreme commander as the Allied forces in Europe?

58. What was the relationship between the Nuremburg Laws and the “Final Solution”?

\*59.

60. What increased tensions between the United States and the Soviet Union in the 1950s?

61. What was the underlying cause of the Cold War?

62. Why was the Cuban Missile Crisis considered a Cold War conflict?

63. Who did the United States send more than ten billion dollars to as a result of the Truman Doctrine?

864.

65. What is reflected in the policy Marshall Doctrine?

66. What was Mao Tse-tung’s main goal for Communist China?

67. What did China’s Great Leap Forward attempt to modernize?

68. How did the Soviet Union respond to the Czechoslovakia’s Prague Spring?

69. What organization of the United Nations has five permanent members?

70. Which NATO member shared a border with both a neutral nation and a Warsaw Pact country?

71. Which countries completely changed their name after World War I?

72. How did the United Kingdom change after World War I?

73. From which country did Czechoslovakia, Poland, and Yugoslavia gain independence?

74. Around which body of water did the greatest number of new countries emerge after World War I?

75. After the war, which country had a province separated from it by states that had gained independence?

76. What country did Germany conquer in September 1939?

77. What did Germany do to the Rhineland?

78. What happened to the Sudetenland?

79. What happened to Czechoslovakia?

80. Which of the following officers did NOT command D-Day forces?

\*81.

82. Which of the following was not a departure point in Great Britain?

83. Which officers did not command D-Day forces?

84. How many beaches were targeted landing sites for forces coming from the water?

\*85.

86. How many more Soviet soldiers than German soldiers were killed or missing?

87. Which country had the second highest was costs?

88. Which of the following countries had 155, 187 service men die from non-battle causes?

89. What was the difference between the number of Jews and the number of foreign civilians killed in Germany?

90. What percentage of the civilians killed in France were Jews?

91. During which year was unemployment at its peak, and what percentage of the workforce was out of work?

92. What was the change in the workforce between 1933 and 1934?

93. What percentage were out of work during the peak of unemployment?

94. How did the unemployment rate change between 1929 and 1930?

95. After the peak of unemployment, during which year did it reach its LOWEST rate again?

96. How many more troops did the Allied Powers have than the Central Powers?

97. Which nation lost the most troops?

98. Which countries each lost more than a million troops from the battlefield deaths?

99. Which country lost the smallest number of the troops from battlefield deaths?

100. How many troops did Russia lose, even though it pulled out of the war early?